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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 10/724,192 | 12/01/2003 | Kazunori Anazawa | 117883 | 1323 |
| 25944 | 7590 | 12/21/2005 | EXAMINER | |
| OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC | | | | JACKSON JR, JEROME |
| P.O. BOX 19928 | | | | |
| ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320 | | | | |
| ART UNIT | | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| | | 2815 | | |

DATE MAILED: 12/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | 10/724,192 | ANAZAWA ET AL. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Jerome Jackson Jr. | 2815 |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 September 2005.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 10 and 12 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 10 and 12 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
 6) Other: _____

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over O'Keefe, of record.

Figure 10a of O'keefe shows an embodiment wherein electromagnetic waves (photons) are absorbed by the carbon nanotube thereby increasing the conductivity and functioning as a photodetector. Applicant's claim 10 basically recites a photoconductive mode of operation for a carbon nanotube device similar to O'Keefe, above. Obviously when the carbon nanotube of O'Keefe is not radiated with photons the conductivity is lower, similar to applicant's device. The source of O'Keefe's electromagnetic waves (photons) is not explicitly shown, however, antenna sources comprising an electrode are standard for generating electromagnetic waves (photons) and would obviously be *prima facie* obvious for generating the photons of O'Keefe. Accordingly, a "third" electrode for photon generation in O'Keefe is obvious structure. The claim limitations "placed near the carbon nanotube" are not considered to distinguish over O'Keefe as the same must be true of the photon source of O'Keefe for the device to function as intended. Claim 10 is considered obvious structure and method. Claim 12 is also considered obvious as the proper photon frequency in O'Keefe to enable photodetector operation would lead one of ordinary skill to select frequencies which are absorbed. Since the device is a carbon nanotube FET structure similar to applicant similar photon

energies or frequencies around 1 GHz must produce the photodetector operation. One of ordinary skill would be expected to apply various frequencies to determine which would enable photodetector operation.

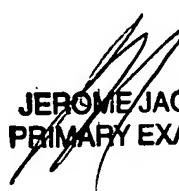
Applicant's arguments filed 9/26/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments do not address the figure 10a embodiment of O'Keefe discussed above in which electromagnetic waves are applied to the carbon nanotube to change its conductance.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerome Jackson Jr. whose telephone number is 571-272-1730. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Thomas can be reached on 571-272-1664. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

jj


JEROME JACKSON
PRIMARY EXAMINER